

- (iii) On the death/lunacy or other disability of the Client.
- iv) If the Client suffers any adverse material change in his /her/its financial position or defaults in any other agreement with the Stock broker.
- (v) If there is reasonable apprehension that the Client is unable to pay its debts or the client has admitted its inability to pay its debts, as they become payable.
- (vi) If the Client is in breach of any term, condition or covenant of this Agreement.
- (vii) If the client has made any material misrepresentation of facts, including (without limitation) in relation to the Security.
- (viii) If a receiver, administrator or liquidator has been appointed or allowed to be appointed of all or any part of the undertaking of the Client.
- (ix) If the Client have taken or suffered to be taken any action for its reorganization, liquidation or dissolution.
- (x) If the client has voluntarily or compulsorily become the subject of proceedings under any bankruptcy or insolvency law or being a company, goes into liquidation or has a receiver appointed in respect of its assets or refers itself to the Board for Industrial and Financial Reconstruction or under any other law providing protection as a relied undertaking.
- (xi) If any covenant or warranty of the client is incorrect or untrue in any material respect.

#### 11. INACTIVE CLIENT ACCOUNT

Client account will be considered as inactive if the client does not trade for period of one year. Calculation will be done at the beginning of every month and those clients who have not traded even a single time will be considered as inactive, the shares / credit ledger balance if any will be transferred to the client within a month of the identifying the client as inactive. The client has to make written request for reactivation of their account.

#### 12. CLIENT ACCEPTANCE OF POLICIES AND PROCEDURES STATED HEREIN ABOVE:

I/We have fully understood the same and do hereby sign the same and agree not to call into question the validity, enforceability and applicability of any provision/clauses this document any circumstance what so ever. These policies and Procedures may be amended/changes unilaterally by the broker, provided the change is informed to me/us through any one or more means or methods. I/we agree never to challenges the same on any grounds including delayed receipt/non receipt or any other reasons whatsoever. These policies and Procedures shall always be read along with the agreement and shall be compulsorily referred to while deciding any dispute/difference or claim between me/us and stock broker before any court of law/judicial/adjusting authority including arbitrator mediator

# 8.5. ANNEXURE 5 - GUIDANCE NOTE ( DO'S & DON'T'S) FOR TRADING ON THE EXCHANGE(S) FOR THE INVESTORS

#### **BEFORE YOU BEGIN TO TRADE**

- Ensure that you deal with and through only SEBI registered intermediaries. You
  may check their SEBI registration certificate number from the list available on
  the Stock exchanges www.exchange.com and SEBI website: www.sebi.gov.in.
- Ensure that you fill the KYC form completely and strike off the blank fields in the KYC form
- Ensure that you have read all the mandatory documents viz. Rights and Obligations, Risk Disclosure Document, Policy and Procedure document of the stock broker.
- Ensure to read, understand and then sign the voluntary clauses, if any, agreed between you and the stock broker. Note that the clauses as agreed between you and the stock broker cannot be changed without your consent.
- Get a clear idea about all brokerage, commissions, fees and other charges levied by the broker on you for trading and the relevant provisions/ guidelines specified by SEBI/Stock exchanges.
- Obtain a copy of all the documents executed by you from the stock broker free
  of charge.
- In case you wish to execute Power of Attorney (POA) in favor of the Stock broker, authorizing it to operate your bank and demat account, please refer to the guidelines issued by SEBI/Exchanges in this regard.

### TRANSACTIONS AND SETTLEMENTS

- The stock broker may issue electronic contract notes (ECN) if specifically authorized by you in writing. You should provide your email id to the stock broker for the same. Don't opt for ECN if you are not familiar with computers.
- Don't share your internet trading account's password with anyone.
- Don't make any payment in cash to the stock broker.
- Make the payments by account payee cheque in favor of the stock broker. Don't
  issue cheques in the name of sub broker. Ensure that you have a documentary
  proof of your payment/deposit of securities with the stock broker, stating date,
  scrip, quantity, towards which bank/ demat account such money or securities
  deposited and from which bank/ demat account.
- Note that facility of Trade Verification is available on stock exchanges' websites, where details of trade as mentioned in the contract note may be verified.
   Where trade details on the website do not tally with the details mentioned in the contract note, immediately get in touch with the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchange.
- In case you have given specific authorization for maintaining running account, payout of funds or delivery of securities (as the case may be), may not be made to you within one working day from the receipt of payout from the Exchange. Thus, the stock broker shall maintain running account for you subject to the following conditions: a) Such authorization from you shall be dated, signed by you only and contains the clause that you may revoke the same at any time. b) The actual settlement of funds and securities shall be done by the stock broker, at least once in a calendar quarter or month, depending on your preference. While settling the account, the stock broker shall send to you a 'statement of accounts' containing an extract from the client ledger for funds and an extract from the register of securities displaying all the receipts/deliveries of funds and securities. The statement shall also explain the retention of funds and securities and the details of the pledged shares, if any. c) On the date of settlement, the stock broker may retain the requisite securities/funds towards outstanding obligations and may also retain the funds expected to be required to meet derivatives margin obligations for next 5 trading days, calculated in the manner specified by the exchanges. In respect of cash market transactions, the stock broker may retain entire pay-in obligation of funds and securities due from clients as on date of settlement and for next day's business, he may retain

- funds/securities/margin to the extent of value of transactions executed on the day of such settlement in the cash market. d) You need to bring any dispute arising from the statement of account or settlement so made to the notice of the stock broker in writing preferably within 7 (seven) working days from the date of receipt of funds/securities or statement, as the case may be. In case of dispute, refer the matter in writing to the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchanges without delay.
- In case you have not opted for maintaining running account and pay-out of funds/securities is not received on the next working day of the receipt of payout from the exchanges, please refer the matter to the stock broker. In case there is dispute, ensure that you lodge a complaint in writing immediately with the Investors Grievance Cell of the relevant Stock exchange.
- Please register your mobile number and email id with the stock broker, to receive trade confirmation alerts/ details of the transactions through SMS or email, by the end of the trading day, from the stock exchanges.

# IN CASE OF TERMINATION OF TRADING MEMBERSHIP

- In case, a stock broker surrenders his membership, is expelled from membership
  or declared a defaulter; Stock exchanges gives a public notice inviting claims
  relating to only the "transactions executed on the trading system" of Stock
  exchange, from the investors. Ensure that you lodge a claim with the relevant
  Stock exchanges within the stipulated period and with the supporting
  documents.
- Familiarize yourself with the protection accorded to the money and/or securities you may deposit with your stock broker, particularly in the event of a default or the stock broker's insolvency or bankruptcy and the extent to which you may recover such money and/or securities may be governed by the Bye-laws and Regulations of the relevant Stock exchange where the trade was executed and the scheme of the Investors' Protection Fund in force from time to time.

### DISPUTES/COMPLAINTS

- The client shall give any order for buy or sell of a security/derivatives contract in
  writing or in such form or manner, as may be mutually agreed between the client
  and the stock broker. The stock broker shall ensure to place orders and execute
  the trades of the client, only in the Unique Client Code assigned to that client.
- The stock broker shall inform the client and keep him apprised about trading/ settlement cycles, delivery/payment schedules, any changes therein from time to time, and it shall be the responsibility in turn of the client to comply with such schedules/procedures of the relevant stock exchange where the trade is executed.
- The stock broker shall ensure that the money/securities deposited by the client shall be kept in a separate account, distinct from his/its own account or account of any other client and shall not be used by the stock broker for himself/itself or for any other client or for any purpose other than the purposes mentioned in Rules, Regulations, circulars, notices, guidelines of SEBI and/or Rules, Regulations, Byelaws, circulars and notices of Exchange.
- Where the Exchange(s) cancels trade(s) suo moto all such trades including the trade/s done on behalf of the client shall ipso facto stand cancelled, stock broker shall be entitled to cancel the respective contract(s) with client(s).
- The transactions executed on the Exchange are subject to Rules, Byelaws and Regulations and circulars/notices issued thereunder of the Exchanges where the trade is executed and all parties to such trade shall have submitted to the jurisdiction of such court as may be specified by the Byelaws and Regulations of the Exchanges where the trade is executed for the purpose of giving effect to the provisions of the Rules, Byelaws and Regulations of the Exchanges and the circulars/notices issued thereunder.